

# Fix-up Strategies

## (M. Trehearne)

## Tips for Parents

Effective "comprehenders" use **fix-up strategies** when they cannot readily understand what they are reading, hearing, or viewing. Not all children automatically use these strategies, though, so it's important to know how to **identify** them, **model** them, and **teach** your child **how** and **when** to use them.

#### Strategies:

- \* **Skip** what is not understood and **move on**. *Clarification of the meaning may come as the child reads further in the text.*
- \* Slow down or speed up. Slowing down when reading a difficult text sometimes helps children make more sense of their reading. Reading faster, to look ahead, sometimes gives the reader clues to the meaning of the text.
- \* **Delay judgement** about what the text means. When children keep reading, they may find that the writer fills in gaps in their understanding.
- \* Make an educated guess about the meaning of the word, sentence, or paragraph that may be unclear. By keeping these "hypothesized" meanings in mind as they read, children can determine if their guesses make sense.
- \* **Reread** the sentence or an earlier part of the text. *Often, rereading text quietly aloud helps. By rereading a difficult sentence or a larger piece of previously read text, children may gain the information they need to incorporate the meaning of the new sentence.* 
  - \* Use pictures, graphs, and charts to help.
  - \* Try to make a **mental picture** of what is happening.
  - \* Explain to someone else what is understood so far.
  - \* Consult a dictionary, thesaurus, or another person to help or clarify understanding.
  - Ask for help, only as a last resort.

#### When to Use a Fix-up Strategy

You know you need a fix-up strategy when ...

- \* the pictures inside your mind stop forming
- \* you cannot answer your own questions
- \* your mind wanders from the text; you read it, but are thinking about something else
- st the page you are now reading has nothing to do with what you thought the text was about
- \* you cannot explain what you have just read
- \* characters appear and you cannot remember who they are